The Turkish Journal on Addictions

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The main goal of the journal is to contribute to the literature by publishing manuscripts at the highest scientific level, covering all aspects of addiction and related disorders as well as forming a scientific forum by producing quality debate on various disciplines. The journal also aims to contribute to the shaping of the addiction-related policies in Turkey by publishing the most up to date and original studies.

The scope of the journal covers all aspects of substance use and behavioral addictions which affects the physical, mental, and social life of individuals. The main topics that are considered for publication in the journal is included but not limited to addictions to tobacco, alcohol, drugs, gaming, gambling, shopping, sex-pornography, working, eating.

As an interdisciplinary journal, Addicta: The Turkish Journal on Addictions welcomes research articles from various scientific fields such as Health Sciences, Public Health, Criminology, Forensic Medicine, Nursing, Psychiatry, Toxicology, Sociology, Psychology, Educational Sciences, Law, Economy, Media, Communication, Philosophy, and Social Services. The journal also publishes reviews, letters to the editors, and book reviews within its scope.

The target audience of the journal includes addiction researchers, medical doctors, psychologists, social workers, nurses, and college students.

The editorial and publication processes of the journal are shaped in accordance with the guidelines of the Farmington Consensus, International Committee of Medical Journal Editors (ICMJE), World Association of Medical Editors (WAME), Council of Science Editors (CSE), Committee on Publication Ethics (COPE), European Association of Science Editors (EASE), and National Information Standards Organization (NISO). The journal is in conformity with the Principles of Transparency and Best Practice in Scholarly Publishing (doaj.org/bestpractice).

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The target audience of the journal includes addiction researchers, medical doctors, psychologists, social workers, nurses, and college students.

EDITORIAL AND PUBLICATION PROCESS

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Originality, high scientific quality, and citation potential are the most important criteria for a manuscript to be accepted for publication. Manuscripts submitted for evaluation should not have been previously presented or already published in an electronic or printed medium. The journal should be informed of manuscripts that have been submitted to another journal for evaluation and rejected for publication. The submission of previous reviewer reports will expedite the evaluation process. Manuscripts that have been presented in a meeting should be submitted with detailed information on the organization, including the name, date, and location of the organization.

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All manuscripts submitted to Addicta: The Turkish Journal on Addictions are first reviewed for the language quality. Submissions that do not meet the journal's language criteria may be returned to the authors for professional language editing. Authors whose manuscripts are returned due to the language inadequacy must resubmit their edited papers along with the language editing certificate to verify the quality. Editing services are paid for and arranged by authors, and the use of an editing service does not guarantee acceptance for publication.

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For studies carried out on animals, the measures taken to prevent pain and suffering of the animals should be stated clearly. It is the authors' responsibility to protect the patients' anonymity carefully.

For photographs that may reveal the identity of the patients, signed releases of the patient or their legal representative should be enclosed, and the publication approval must be provided in the Methods section.

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Addicta: The Turkish Journal on Addictions is extremely sensitive about plagiarism. All submissions are screened by a similarity detection software (iThenticate by CrossCheck) at any point during the peer-review and/or production process. Even if you are the author of the phrases or sentences, the text should not have unacceptable similarity with the previously published data.

When you are discussing others' (or your own) previous work, please make sure that you cite the material correctly in every instance.

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Each person listed as an author should fulfill the authorship criteria recommended by the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors (ICMJE - www.icmje.org) and International Society of Addiction Journal Editors authorship principles (ISAJE - http://www.parint.org/isajewebsite/ethics.htm). The ICMJE recommends that authorship is based on the following four criteria:

- 1. Substantial contributions to the conception or design of the work; or the acquisition, analysis, or interpretation of data for the work; AND
- 2. Drafting the work or revising it critically for important intellectual content; AND
- 3. Final approval of the version to be published; AND
- 4. Agreement to be accountable for all aspects of the work in ensuring that questions related to the accuracy or integrity of any part of the work are appropriately investigated and resolved.

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Manuscripts submitted to the journal will first go through a language and technical evaluation process where the editorial office staff will ensure that the manuscript has been prepared and submitted in accordance with the journal's guidelines. Submissions that do not conform to the journal's guidelines will be returned to the submitting author with technical correction requests.

Authors are required to submit the following:

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- · ICMJE Potential Conflict of Interest Disclosure Form (should be filled in by all contributing authors) during the initial submission. These forms are available for download at www.addicta.com.tr.

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The main text and supplementary documents and/or images for review must not contain any information that may indicate to an individual or institution. This kind of information, including the acknowledgments and financial disclosure statement should be included in the title page.

While making self-citation, authors are required to blind their name both in the main text and the reference list. Recommended self-citation writing style is exemplified below.

For main text: (Author, 2010)

For reference list: Author 1. & Author 2. (2005). Volunteer support, marital status, and the survival times of terminally ill patients. Health Psychology, 24(2), 225-229.

Title page: A separate title page should be submitted with all submissions and this page should include:

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- · Name(s), affiliations, highest academic degree(s), and ORCID IDs of the author(s),
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- · Name, address, telephone (including the mobile phone number), and email address of the corresponding author,
- · Acknowledgment of the individuals who contributed to the preparation of the manuscript but who do not fulfill the authorship criteria.

Abstract: An unstructured abstract should be submitted with all submissions except for Book Reviews. Please check Table 1 below for word count specifications.

Extended Abstract: As of 2020, Addicta: The Turkish Journal on Addictions publishes Turkish extended abstracts of the articles in the journal's webpage for educational purposes. Therefore, the Turkish authors are required to submit a 1000 word-long Turkish extended abstract of their article during initial submission. International authors, on the other hand, are expected to submit the extended abstract in English. The Türkiye Yeşilay Cemiyeti (Turkish Green Crescent Society) will translate English extended abstracts before publication. Extended abstracts should include Introduction, Methods, Results, and Discussion subheadings. Please do not include references.

Keywords: Each submission must be accompanied by a minimum of five to a maximum of eight keywords for subject indexing at the end of the abstract. The keywords should be listed in full without abbreviations. For medical research, the keywords should be selected from the National Library of Medicine, Medical Subject Headings database (https://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/MBrowser.html).

Manuscript Types

Original Research: This is the most important type of article since it provides new information based on original research. Acceptance of original papers will be based upon the originality and importance of the investigation. The main text of original articles should be structured with Introduction, Methods, Results, and Discussion subheadings. Discussion section of the manuscript should include a "Limitations and Directions/Suggestions for Future Research" subtitle. Please check Table 1 for the limitations for Original Articles.

Statistical analysis to support conclusions is usually necessary. Statistical analyses must be conducted in accordance with international statistical reporting standards (Altman DG, Gore SM, Gardner MJ, Pocock SJ. Statistical guidelines for contributors to medical journals. Br Med J 1983: 7; 1489-93). Information on statistical analyses should be provided with a separate subheading under the Methods section and the statistical software that was used during the process must be specified.

Units should be prepared in accordance with the International System of Units (SI).

Editorial Comments: Invited brief editorial comments on selected articles are published in Addicta: The Turkish Journal on Addictions. Editorials should not be longer than 1000 words excluding references. Editorial comments aim to provide a brief critical commentary by reviewers with expertise or with high reputation in the topic of the research article published in the journal. Authors are selected and invited by the journal to provide such comments. Abstract, Keywords, and Tables, Figures, Images, and other media are not included.

Review Articles: Reviews prepared by authors who have extensive knowledge on a particular field and whose scientific background has been translated into a high volume of publications with a high citation potential are welcomed. These authors may even be invited by the journal. Reviews should describe, discuss, and evaluate the current level of knowledge of a topic in a specific area and should guide future studies. The subheadings of the review articles should be planned by the authors. However, each review article should include an "Introduction" and a "Conclusion" section. Please check Table 1 for the limitations for Review Articles.

Letters to the Editor: This type of manuscript discusses important parts, overlooked aspects, or lacking parts of a previously published article. Articles on subjects within the scope of the journal that might attract the readers' attention, particularly educative cases, may also be submitted in the form of a "Letter to the Editor." Readers can also present their comments on the published manuscripts in the form of a "Letter to the Editor." Abstract, Keywords, and Tables, Figures, Images, and other media should not be included. The text should be unstructured. The manuscript that is being commented on must be properly cited within this manuscript.

Table 1.

Limitations for each manuscript type

Type of manuscript	Word limit	Abstract word limit	Reference limit	Table limit	Figure limit
Original Research	4000	200	35	6	5 or total of 10 images
Review Article	5000	250	50	6	10 or total of 15 images
Case Report	1200	200	15	No tables	4 or total of 8 images
Letter to the Editor	400	No abstract	5	No tables	No media

Tables

Tables should be included in the main document, presented after the reference list in accordance to APA style, and they should be numbered consecutively in the order they are referred to within the main text. A descriptive title must be placed in italic format above the table. Abbreviations used in the tables should be defined below the tables by footnotes (even if they are defined within the main text). Please see the table example in APA format below.

Tables should be created using the "insert table" command of the word processing software and they should be arranged clearly to provide easy reading. Data presented in the tables should not be a repetition of the data presented within the main text but should be supporting the main text.

Table Examples in APA format

Table 1. Means, Standard Deviations, and Correlations Involving Variable From Study 1 $(N = 460)$						
Variable	M	SD	2	3	4	5
Search for meaning (1)	4.33	1.44	0.23**	0.07	-0.01	0.06
Sensation seeking (2)	3.04	0.90		0.15*	0.16*	-0.09*
Self-sacrifice (3)	3.96	1.13		1 (4)	0.19**	-0.05
Support for violence (4)	1.78	0.66				-0.20**
Gender ^a (5)	0.64	0.48	No. of the last			

 $^{^{\}alpha}0$ = male; 1 = female.

Source: Schumpe, B. M., Bélanger, J. J., Moyano, M., & Nisa, C. F. (2018, November 1). The role of sensation seeking in political violence: An extension of the Significance Quest Theory. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*. Advance online publication. http://dx.doi.org/10.1037/pspp0000223

^{*}p<0.05; **p<0.001.

Table 2.			
Ordinary Least Squares ((OLS) Hierarchical Regress	sion Analysis Predicting T	TRSS-Catastrophizing Scores

			dardized icients	Standardized coefficients					
Step	Predictor	В	SE	β	p	R^2	R^2 change	F	p
1						0.377	0.377	51.23	0.000
	Hearing impairment	1.481	1.761	0.042	0.401				
	Tinnitus loudness	0.525	0.046	0.578	0.000				
	Sound sensitivity	4.728	1.962	0.121	0.017				
2									
	Hearing impairment	1.938	1.280	0.055	0.131				
	Tinnitus loudness	0.306	0.036	0.337	0.000				
	Sound sensitivity	3.611	1.429	0.092	0.012				
	TRSS-catastrophizing	1.099	0.073	0.596	0.000				

N=258; SE: standard error of B. Hearing impairment; 1: hearing impairment; 0: no hearing impairment;

Figures and Figure Legends

Figures, graphics, and photographs should be submitted as separate files (in TIFF or JPEG format) through the submission system. The files should not be embedded in a Word document or the main document. When there are figure subunits, the subunits should not be merged to form a single image. Each subunit should be submitted separately through the submission system. Images should not be labeled (a, b, c, etc.) to indicate figure subunits. Thick and thin arrows, arrowheads, stars, asterisks, and similar marks can be used on the images to support figure legends. Like the rest of the submission, the figures too should be blind. Any information within the images that may indicate an individual or institution should be blinded. The minimum resolution of each submitted figure should be 300 DPI. To prevent delays in the evaluation process, all submitted figures should be clear in resolution and large in size (minimum dimensions: 100×100 mm). Figure legends should be listed at the end of the main document.

All acronyms and abbreviations used in the manuscript should be defined at first use, both in the abstract and in the main text. The abbreviation should be provided in parentheses following the definition.

When a drug, product, hardware, or software program is mentioned within the main text, product information, including the name of the product, the product of the product, and city and the country of the company (including the state if in USA), should be provided in parentheses in the following format: "Discovery St PET/CT scanner (General Electric, Milwaukee, WI, USA)"

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While citing publications, preference should be given to the latest, most up-to-date publications. Authors should avoid using references that are older than ten years. The limit for the old reference usage is 15% in the journal. If an ahead-of-print publication is cited, the DOI number should be provided. Authors are responsible for the accuracy of references. Journal titles should be abbreviated in accordance with the journal abbreviations in Index Medicus/MEDLINE/PubMed.

Authors are recommended to avoid too many self-citations in their articles. Only the relevant self-citations are encouraged by the journal.

Both in-text citations and the references must be prepared according to the American Psychological Association (APA) 7th edition. Please see citation examples for different types below.

Tinnitus loudness: Subjective loudness of tinnitus, measured on a visual analogue scale (0-100). Sound sensitivity; 1: sound sensitivity; 0: no sound sensitivity; TRSS-catastrophizina: Tinnitus-related self-statements scale, catastrophizina scale.

Source: Weise, C., Hesser, H., Andersson, G., Nyenhuis, N., Zastrutzki, S., Kroener-Herwig, B., & Jaeger, B. (2013). The role of catastrophizing in recent onset tinnitus: its nature and association with tinnitus distress and medical utilization. *International Journal of Audiology*, 52(3), 177-188.

Author Type	Parenthetical citation	Narrative citation
One author	(Gonzalez, 2019)	Gonzalez (2019)
Two authors	(Gonzalez & Jones, 2019)	Gonzalez and Jones (2019)
Three or more authors	(Gonzalez et al., 2019)	Gonzalez et al. (2019)
Group author with abbreviation: First citation Subsequent citations	(American Psychological Association [APA], 2020) (APA, 2020)	American Psychological Association (APA, 2020) APA (2020)
Group author without abbreviation	(University of California, 2020)	University of California (2020)
No author	("New drug," 1993) Use an abbreviated version of the title.	

Reference List

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